Human Computation and Crowdsourcing

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What do you see?

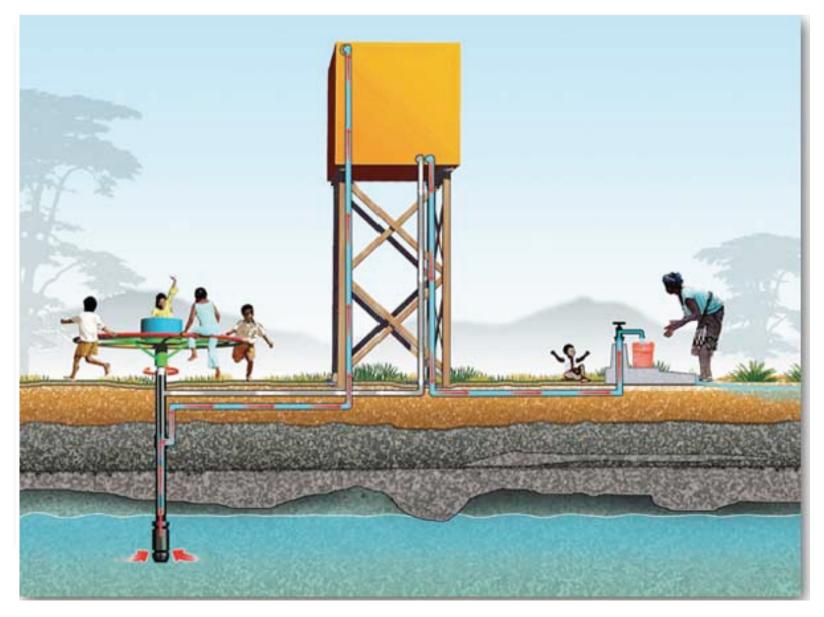
• Human computation is a technique that utilizes humans to carry out computations.



Playing/Having Fun + Work/Computation



Playing/Having Fun + Work/Computation

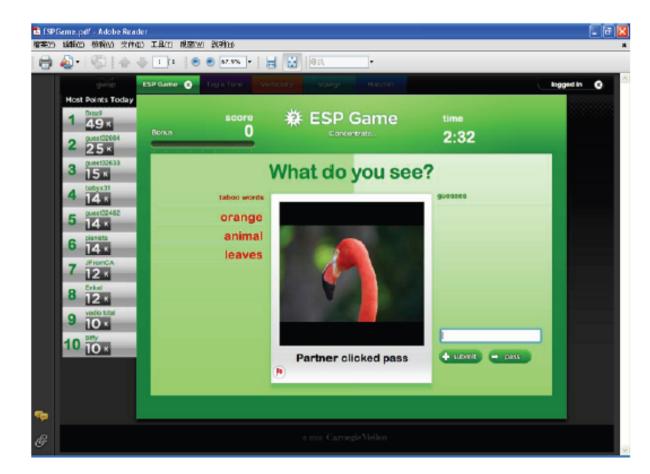


How to motivate human workers?

- In 2008, an estimated 200 million people play online games every week.
- Games provide an way to channel human effort spent playing games to work on human computational tasks.
- Objectives of games:
 - Because of enjoyment, people play games.
 - As side effect, tasks can be done by players.

Example of Social Games (1)

- To collect text information from images
 - Examples (1): ESP game

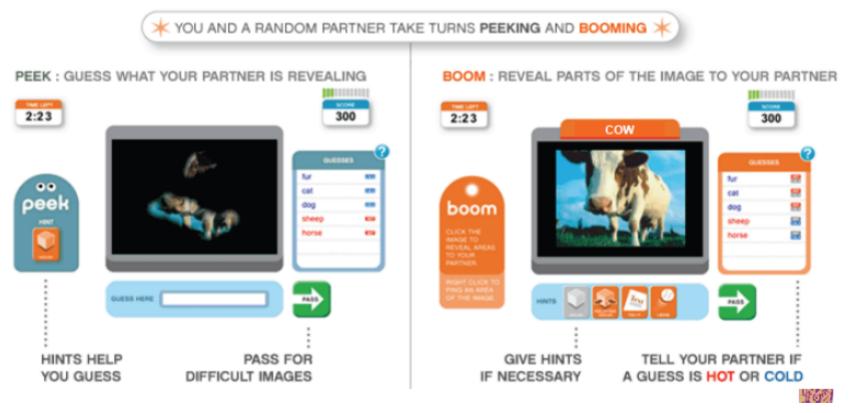


The ESP game for labeling images

- Licensed by Google as the Google Image Labeler in 2006
- As of July 2008, 200,000 players had contributed more than 50 million labels for images.

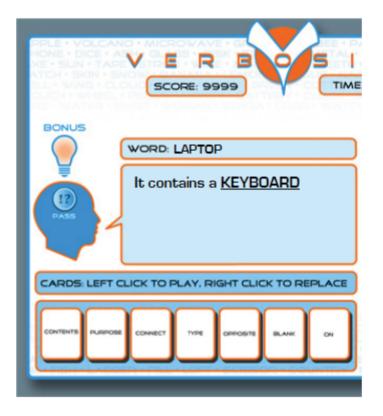
Example of Social Games (2)

- To collect text information for images:
 - Examples (2): Peekaboom



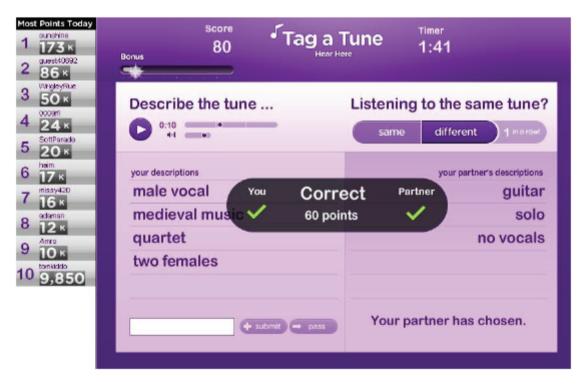
Example of Social Games (3)

- To collect commonsense knowledge:
 - Examples (3): Verbosity



Example of Social Games (4)

- To collect subjective descriptions of sounds and music:
 - Example (4): Tagatune



Example of Social Games (5)

- To learn colleagues' bookmarks in an organizational goal:
 - Example (5): Dogear Game



Example of Social Games (6)

- To tag locations in the real world through gameplay in mobile social games:
 - Example (6): Gopher guessing game

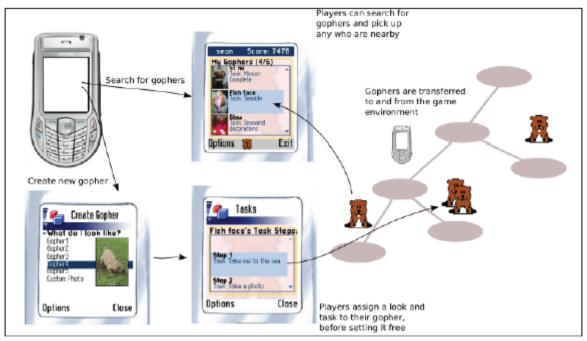


Figure 1. Real world experience, acquiring gophers

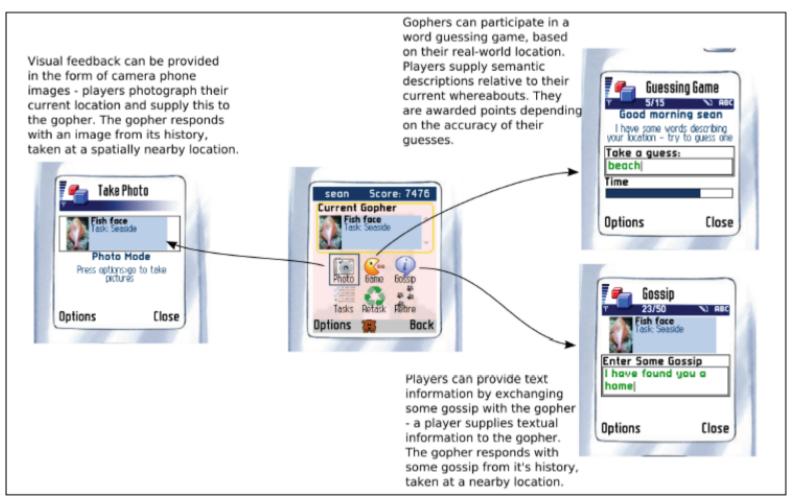


Figure 2. Real world experience, interacting with gophers

Definition of Human Computation

- Human computation is computations carried out by humans where computation is the mapping process of some input representations to some output representations.
- Human computation systems are systems that humans interact with the systems to carry out computations.

Is volunteer computing an example of human computation?

- Volunteer computing is the process that allows Internet users to donate their computer resources in a joint effort to solve problems, e.g., SETI.
- No.
- Volunteer computing does not require humans to perform computation themselves.

3 Categories of human computation systems (1)

Annotation

- Distinguish between humans and computer programs
- Image annotation
- Sound annotation
- Text annotation
- Video annotation
- Web content annotation

3 Categories of human computation systems (2)

- Possess knowledge commonsense about the real world
 - Collect knowledge commonsense about the real world knowledge
 - Collect geospatial information

3 Categories of human computation systems (3)

- Indicate human preferences
 - Rank human preferences for images
 - Rank Web search results
 - Identify human intentions behind Web search queries
 - Collect patterns of social interactions
 - Deploy human intelligences

4 Dimensions of human computation systems (1)

 Motivation - systems have to find their ways to motivate people to participate, because systems require human participation.

Dimension	Value	Example
Motivation	Pay	Amazon Mechanical Turk
	Altruism	Help Find Jim
	Enjoyment	ESP Game [77]
	Reputation	Threadless
	Implicit work	reCAPTCHA [82]

4 Dimensions of human computation systems (2)

 Output quality control – systems have to collect valid and useful output, because people may make mistakes, misunderstand the instructions, or try to cheat.

Dimension	Value			Example	
Output	Verification	Algorithmic check		Foldit [19, 20, 18, 42, 26, 41]	
quality	by machine				
control					
		Reputation check		Amazon Mechanical Turk	
		Voting		Threadless	
		Statistical filtering		Crowdsourceable QoE	
				evaluation framework for	
				multimedia content [14]	
	Verification	Redundancy		Amazon Mechanical Turk	
	by human	Multilevel review		Soylent [8]	
		Expert review		Amazon Mechanical Turk	
	Verification	Defensive	Collaborative	ESP Game [77]	
	by human	game	Competitive	Threadless	
	computation	design	Hybrid	Gopher Game [12]	
	system	Ground truth seeding		reCAPTCHA [82]	
m	Financial ince	entive		Amazon Mechanical Turk	
	None			ChaCha [15]	

4 Dimensions of human computation systems (3)

• Output aggregation - systems have to combine a set of outputs with good quality.

Dimension	Value	Example
Output	Collection	ESP Game [77]
aggregation	Statistical processing of data	Ask500People
	Iterative improvement	MonoTrans [37, 38]
	None	VizWiz [9]

4 Dimensions of human computation systems (4)

• Worker-task cardinality - The cardinality shows how many workers contribute to how many tasks.

Dimension	Value	Example
Worker- task	One-to-one	ChaCha [15]
cardinality	Few-to-one	VizWiz [9]
	Many-to-one	Help Find Jim

Taxonomy of human computation systems

[Dimension	Value Pay Altruism			Example]
Ì	Motivation			Amazon Mechanical Turk	1	
					Help Find Jim	1
		Enjoyment		ESP Game [77]	1	
		Reputation			Threadless	1
		Implicit work			reCAPTCHA [82]	1
	Output	Verification	Verification Algorithmic check 1 by machine		Foldit [19, 20, 18, 42, 26, 41]	1
	quality	by machine				
	control					
			Reputation	check	Amazon Mechanical Turk	1
			Voting		Threadless	1
			Statistical f	iltering	Crowdsourceable QoE	1
			_		evaluation framework for	
					multimedia content [14]	
		Verification	Redundanc		Amazon Mechanical Turk	1
		by human	Multilevel review Expert review		Soylent [8]	1
					Amazon Mechanical Turk	1
		Verification	Defensive	Collaborative	ESP Game [77]	1
		by human	game	Competitive	Threadless]
		computation	design	Hybrid	Gopher Game [12]	1
		system	Ground tru	th seeding	reCAPTCHA [82]	1
		Financial ince	ntive		Amazon Mechanical Turk	1
		None		ChaCha [15]]	
[Output	Collection	processing of data mprovement		ESP Game [77]	1
	aggregation	Statistical pro			Ask500People]
		Iterative impro			MonoTrans [37, 38]	1
		None			VizWiz [9]]
[Worker-	One-to-one			ChaCha [15]	1
	task					
om of th	cardinality	Few-to-one			VizWiz [9]] eijing, (
		Many-to-one			Help Find Jim] , ,

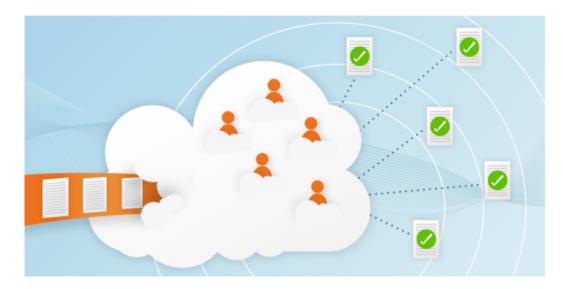
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Crowdsourcing

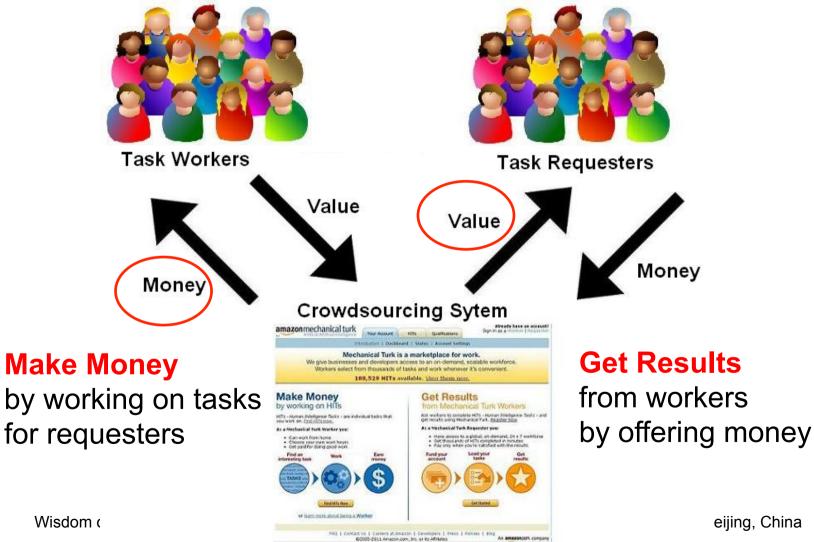
- Crowdsourcing is an idea of outsourcing a task that is traditionally performed by an employee to a large group of people in the form of an open call.
- Objectives:
 - to reduce a company's production costs
 - to make more efficient use of labor and resources

How to seek for human workers?

- Crowdsourcing = Crowd + sourcing
- Crowdsourcing aims to outsource tasks to the crowd in the form of an open call.



Amazon Mechanical Turk (AMT)



AMT – Statistics

[Ross et al. 2010, Ipeirotis 2010]

Collection Period	01/2009 to 04/2010 (16 months)
Number of registered workers	over 400,000
Number of tasks	6,701,406
Number of requesters	9,436
Total value of the posted tasks	US\$ 529,259

Data are publicly available - http://www.mturk-tracker.com

Categorization of crowdsourcing systems

- Voting Systems
 - Find out the answer that the majority selected
- Information Sharing Systems
 - Share user-generated meta-data
- Creative Systems
 - Cannot replace the role of human in creativity
- Games
 - Produce useful metadata as a by-product

Game With a Purpose (GWAP)

- To effectively collect information from players through a social game, we have to achieve two important factors:
 - 1. Maintain the enjoyment of players in the game
 - game design
 - 2. Guarantee the quality of collected information
 - game mechanism

Output-agreement games

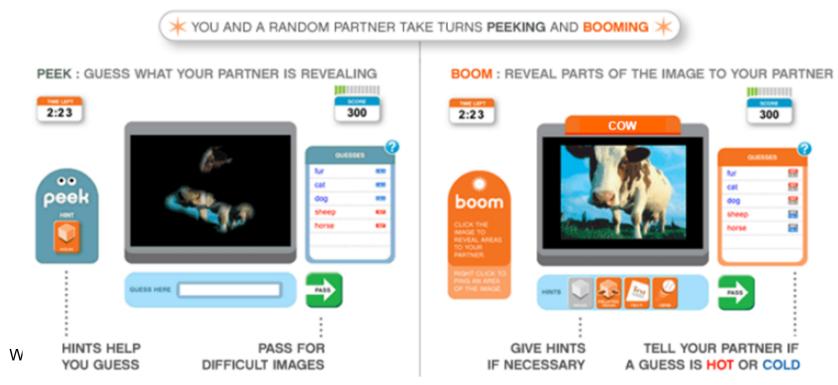
- All players are given the same input.
- Assume no communication between the players.
- Winning condition: Same outputs
- E.g. ESP game for collecting image labels



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Inversion-problem games

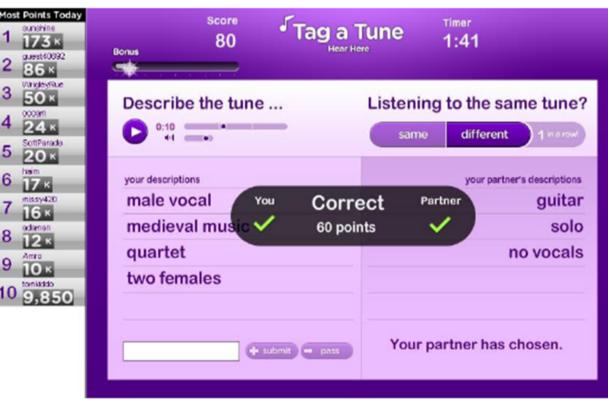
- The first player has access to the whole problem and gives hints to the second player.
- Winning condition: the second player can guess the secret (we assume that the hints given by the first player are correct.)
- E.g. Peekaboom for locating objects in images



Input-agreement games

- All players are given inputs separately.
- Each player is asked to describe his/her input.
- Assume no communication between the players.
- Winning condition: All players can guess whether their inputs is the same or different correctly.
- E.g. TagATune for labeling music

Wisdom of the



Output-optimization games

- All players are given the same input, and they can see each other's outputs.
- All players can communicate with each other using their outputs.
- Winning condition: All players agree on each other's output.
- E.g. Restaurant Game for designing salad

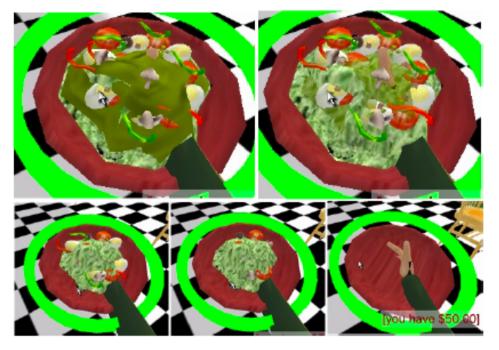
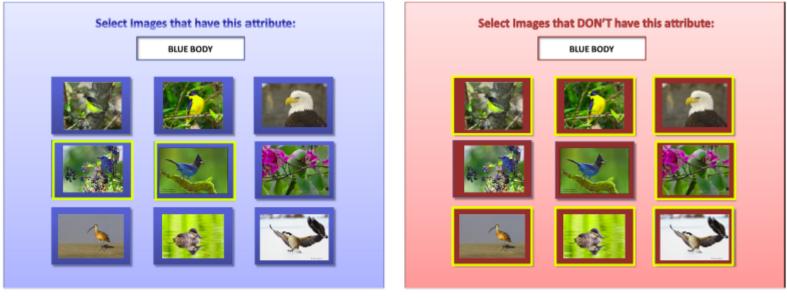


Figure 2. Clockwise from top left, bites of a salad disappear using an algorithmically designed munching order

Complementary-agreement games

- Players alternate between the "positive" player and "negative player".
- Given a set of choices, the "positive" player is asked to choose correct answers, while the "negative player" is asked to choose incorrect answers.
- Winning Condition: Players select right answers of right role
- E.g. Polarity for identifying correct answers



(a) "Positive Player"

(b) "Negative Player"

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Summary

- 3 categories of human computation systems
- 4 dimensions of human computation systems
- Crowdsourcing systems
 - Output-agreement games
 - Inversion-problem games
 - Input-agreement games
 - Output-optimization games
 - Complementary-agreement games

